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Part I

Financial Performance



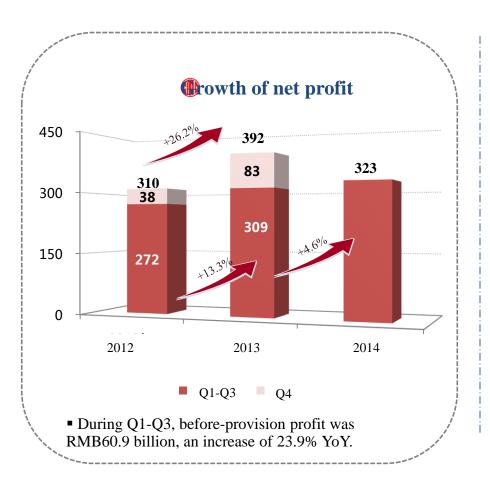
Major Financial Indicators during Q1-Q3, 2014

Note: data in this report is of the consolidated data of the Group, unless otherwise specialized

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Scale indicator	At the end of September 2014	Compared with beginning of the year	Growth rate	
Total assets	40459	4047	† 11.1%	
Customer deposits	28757	2240	↑ 8.4%	
Customer loans	21241	1830	9.4%	
Number of outlets (the Bank)	1122	49	4.6%	
Efficiency indicator	January - September	YoY growth	Growth rate	
Before-provision profit	608.7	117.6	23.9%	
Net profit	322.8	14.2	4.6%	
Net operating income	925.7	160.0	20.9%	
Net interest income	700.5	75.0	12.0%	
Fee-based business income	225.2	85.0	60.6%	
Percentage of fee-based business income	24.3%	+6.0 percentage points		
NIM	2.37%	-22BPS		
Cost/income ratio	27.3%	-1.6 percentage points		
Quality indicator	At end of September 2014	As at end of 2013	Change compared with end of 2013	
NPL balance	294.3	199.7	+94.6	
NPL ratio	1.39%	1.03%	+0.36 percentage point	
Provision coverage ratio	181.5%	206.6%	-25.1 percentage points	
Allowance to loan ratio	2.51%	2.13%	+0.38 percentage point	
Regulatory indicator	As at end of September 2014	As at end of 2013	Change compared with end of 2013	
Capital adequacy ratio	12.99%	11.24%	+1.75 percentage points	
Loan/deposit ratio (the Bank)	70.2%	72.8%	-2.6 percentage points	

(i) Operating performance enhanced continuously



and net

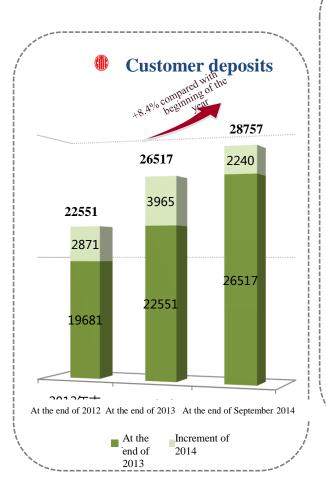
Unit: RMB 100 million

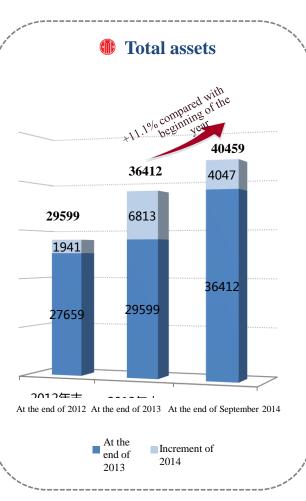
Rate of return and net asstes per share

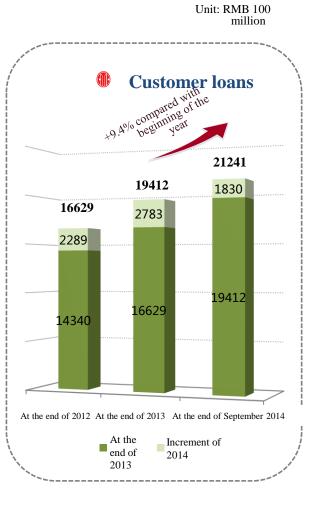
	January- September, 2014	2013	Change
ROA	1.14%	1.20%	-0.06 percentage point
ROE	18.10%	18.48%	-0.38 percentage point
Basic EPS (RMB)	0.69	0.84	_
Net asstes per share(RMB)	5.3	4.8	+0.5



(ii) Business scale grows steadily

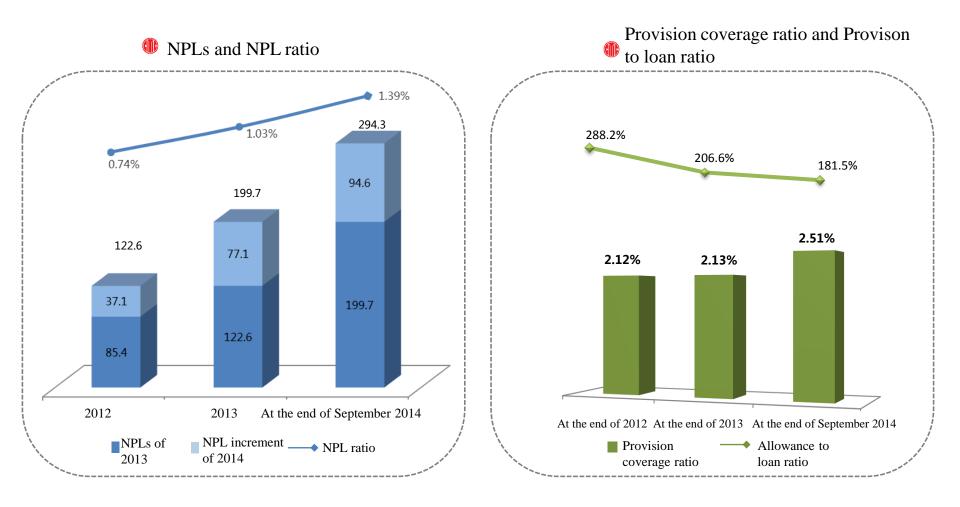






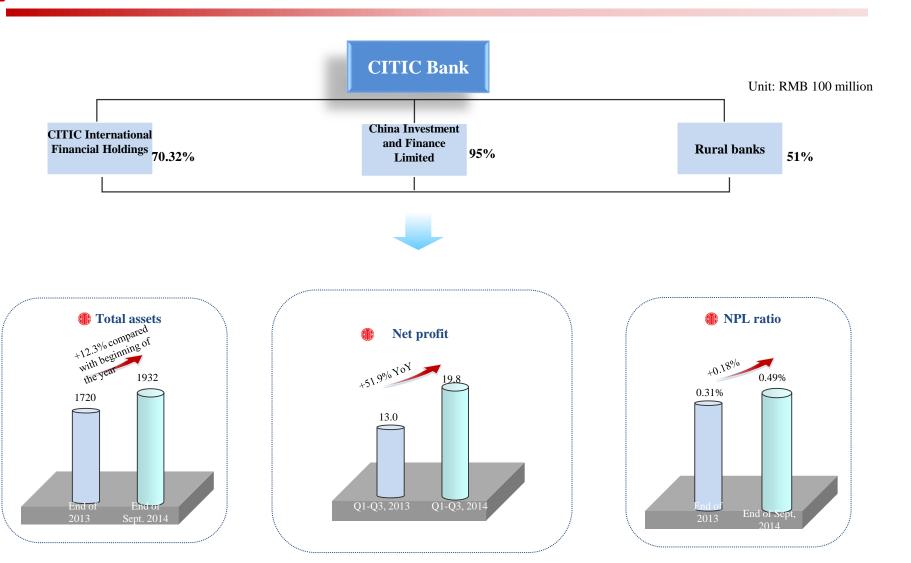


(iii) Asset quality is controllable overall





(iii) Operating performance of subsidiaries kept improving





Part III

Business Development

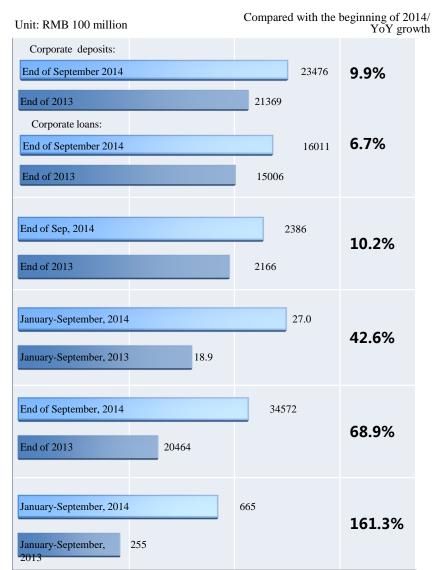


i. Three Main Segments Developed Orderly

1.1 Corporate banking business was further reinforced

➤On the basis of inheriting traditional business advantages, the Bank stepped up adjustment to the product mix, customer mix and revenue mix, accelerated development of key businesses such as supply chain finance, cash management, factoring and asset custody etc., and realized continuous coordinated and rapid development of the corporate banking business

Balance of corporate deposits/loans Balance of supply chain finance Transaction of cash management business (RMB1 trillion) Assets under Custody Effective financing of factoring business

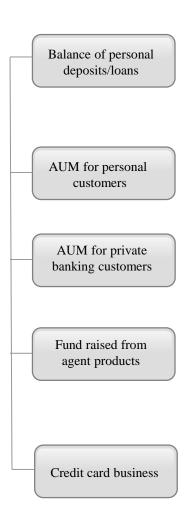




i. Three Main Segments Developed Orderly

1.2 Transformation of retail banking business accelerated

The Bank insisted on customercentric philosophy, and promoted secondary transformation of the retail banking business on all fronts. "Transformation of hardware" advocated the "Red" theme, and "transformation of software" fueled exponential growth of outlets and ushered in a new chapter for development of the retail banking business.







i. Three Main Segments Developed Orderly

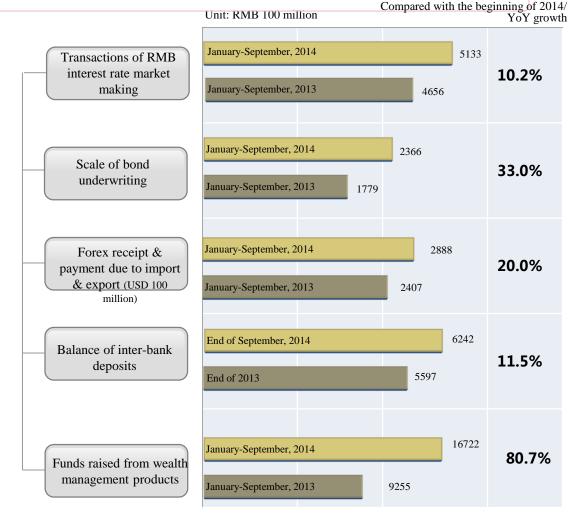
1.3 Capability of financial markets product innovation continued to improve



Direct market maker Qualifications for RMB against six non-USD currencies

(The Bank won the market maker qualification for Japanese Yen, Australian dollar, New Zealand dollar, British Pound, Euro and Singaporean dollar, respectively, covering all of the major minor currencies in the inter-bank market)

The Bank actively fulfilled the development strategy, profoundly built the business system centering on the currency market, capital market and international financial market, and promoted development of all businesses on all fronts





ii. Structural Adjustment Presented Initial Effect

2.1 The Bank guaranteed steady growth of new loans to some industries while curbed growth to other industries; the proportion of personal loans increased significantly

Unit: RMB 100 million





Loans to PV enterprises

Note: Data on this page are at bank level.

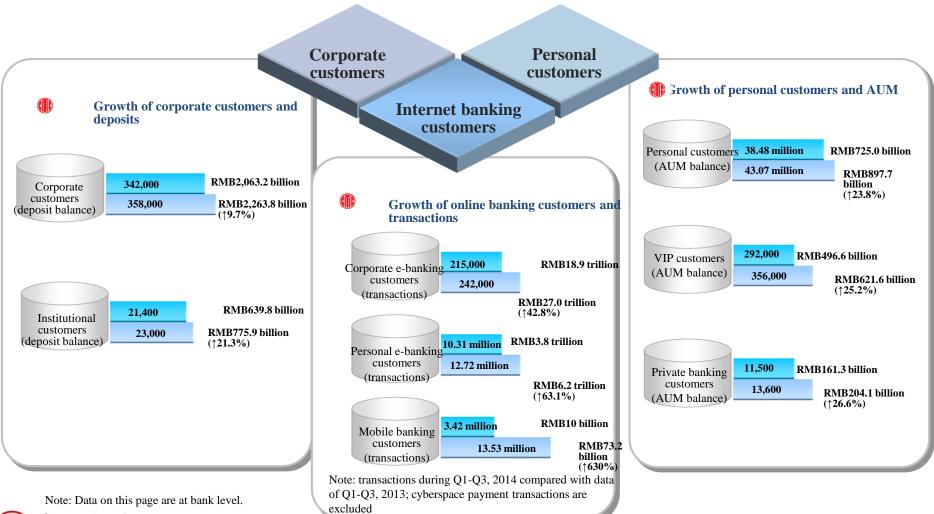
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-15.9%

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ii. Structural Adjustment Presented Initial Effect

2.2 The number of institutional customers, HNW customers and internet banking customers steadily increased

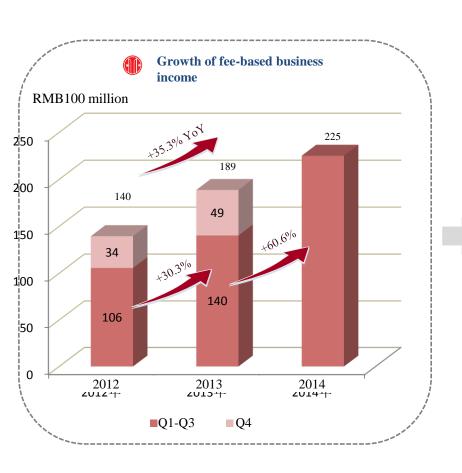


End of 2013

End of September,

ii. Structural Adjustment Presented Initial Effect

2.3 Proportion of fee-based business income grew significantly



Breakdown of fee-based business income

Unit: RM	IB 100	million

52.0%
49.4%
39.2%
57.4%
45.6%
45.0%
37.3%
100.7%
125.5%



Part III

Outlook



i. Macroeconomic & Financial Situations and Development of Regulatory Policy

Economic & Financial Situations

- ➤ Momentum of domestic economic growth is stable but facing pressure
- ➤ Money supply growth retreated, and deposit growth was tepid
- ➤ Growth of social financing slowed
- ➤ Trend of risk spreading becomes clear
- ➤ Impact of interest rate liberalization and Internet finance

Prediction of situations ar regulatory policy update

- ➤ Make targeted easing monetary policy as a "new normal status"
- Reinforce management of the local government debts
- ➤ Adjust the housing financial service policy
- ➤ Enhance management of inter-bank business and deposit variation degree
- ➤ Step up monitoring of NPL risks and disposal of NPLs



ii. Working Measures to Take in Q4, 2014

➤ Based on changes in the domestic and external operating situations, the Bank will focus on the following tasks in Q4, 2014:

- Attach great importance to asset quality, and properly prevent and control the risks
- Reinforce refined management, and strive for boosting the NIM
- Upgrade the product innovation capability and service level, and fuel development of fee-based business
- Continue to promote increase of deposits, and reinforce the stability of deposits



Thank You!

